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1972

**STATISTICAL
REPORT**



Agricultural
Stabilization
and
Conservation
Service

Foreword

This publication is a statistical report of some of the accomplishments in 1972 under the various programs administered by the ASC State and County Committees. These programs are listed in the table of contents.

The programs are administered in each county by a county committee comprised of three elected farmers and the county agricultural extension agent. There is an ASCS office in each county in the State with a county executive director and staff in charge of the day-to-day operations. The county committee meets periodically as it deems necessary and establishes policies and guidelines for the county executive director, makes determinations as required by law and regulations, hears appeals of farmers and exercises administrative supervision.

ASC committees and offices have many responsibilities and perform many functions that cannot be measured statistically. Therefore, it is hoped that this report will stimulate further inquiry for those looking through it who are not familiar with these programs and the way they are administered.

Oregon State ASC Committee

Walter E. Erickson, Chairman

Curtis P. Barker, Member

Charles O. Burnet, Member

W. G. Nibler (Representing Director, Cooperative Extension Service)

Arnold N. Bodtker, State Executive Director



1972 Annual Statistical Report

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Administration

State

ASCS administration in the state is under the direction of a State committee composed of three farmers appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Director of Agricultural Extension Service, who is a member ex officio.

For administrative purposes the state is divided in four areas, each under the supervision of a district director.

The State office is managed by a state executive director who is responsible to the State committee. In Oregon there are 19 persons on the State office staff, including the state executive director, program specialists, district directors, administrative staff and clerks.

County

ASCS administration in each of Oregon's 36 counties is directed by a county committee composed of three elected farmers and the agricultural extension agent, who is a member ex officio.

Each county is divided into communities and for each community there is a committee of three farmers elected by the farmers of the community. The community committeemen elect the county committee. In addition, community committeemen counsel with the county committee regarding program acceptance and operation. These committees meet two or three times during the year to acquaint themselves with program changes and developments. There are 513 ASCS community committeemen in the state's 171 communities.

The county committee is responsible for the overall administration of the ASCS programs in the county. It meets once or twice a month to discuss and outline policy, to render decisions in the carrying out of policy, to hear appeals, etc. Each office is under the day-to-day direction of a county executive director selected by the county committee. The county executive director hires the clerical assistance necessary to carry out his responsibilities.

As of December 31, 1972, there were 27 county executive directors for the 36 counties in the state. Total office staff, including the county executive directors, was 104 persons. The cost of administration of county offices for the calendar year 1972 was \$1,316,333.

Committee Elections

Community Committeemen

The elections for community committeemen for 1973 were held December 1, 1972. The number of farmers who voted in Oregon's 171 communities was 12,286. They elected 513 regular committeemen and 342 alternates.

County Committeemen

Under a system instituted in 1967 all regular community committeemen meet in a county convention to elect the county committeemen. There are three county committeemen in each county who serve for terms of three years, with one term expiring each year. The county convention, therefore, elects one committeeman each year. It also determines each year who will be chairman, vice chairman, and regular member. Two alternate county committeemen are also elected; they serve when there is a vacancy on the regular committee. A county extension agent is a member on each county committee by virtue of his office.

In 1972, 19 of the 36 county committeemen elected were serving for the first time.

All Farmland Data
(1969 Census)

County	Farms	Farmland Acres	Cropland Acres	Woodland Acres	All Other Acres
Baker	626	799,513	152,191	75,754	571,568
Benton	575	129,034	74,787	34,309	19,938
Clackamas	2,801	210,055	121,554	55,530	32,971
Clatsop	258	23,745	10,194	8,626	4,925
Columbia	547	74,496	29,226	31,370	13,900
Coos	700	196,866	46,173	84,787	65,906
Crook	293	974,252	106,473	73,592	794,187
Curry	194	90,733	16,927	32,580	41,226
Deschutes	503	163,340	68,249	9,091	86,000
Douglas	1,203	464,334	106,710	151,430	206,194
Gilliam	166	760,410	268,819	11,380	480,211
Grant	286	1,072,852	77,962	140,013	854,877
Harney	276	1,413,126	206,968	16,228	1,189,930
Hood River	538	29,673	19,663	6,388	2,622
Jackson	1,035	514,544	75,100	48,279	391,165
Jefferson	356	502,727	100,399	6,760	395,568
Josephine	395	38,473	19,235	14,286	4,953
Klamath	826	724,809	244,170	184,273	296,366
Lake	283	894,769	172,409	67,867	654,493
Lane	1,840	270,587	136,462	81,465	52,660
Lincoln	258	47,390	14,192	23,830	9,368
Linn	1,742	375,826	266,161	56,297	53,368
Malheur	1,357	1,360,195	264,886	9,742	1,085,567
Marion	2,800	302,065	225,549	38,851	37,665
Morrow	347	1,000,508	409,194	57,910	533,404
Multnomah	623	70,792	29,290	22,106	19,396
Polk	1,056	213,108	140,107	42,445	30,556
Sherman	209	466,658	286,080	1,010	179,568
Tillamook	469	50,711	24,356	15,915	10,440
Umatilla	1,284	1,327,779	630,371	122,943	573,632
Union	678	483,709	177,258	131,635	174,816
Wallowa	423	672,411	127,325	126,919	418,167
Wasco	542	1,168,970	254,479	47,212	867,229
Washington	1,976	172,055	123,648	32,291	16,116
Wheeler	110	729,780	37,892	124,112	567,776
Yamhill	1,488	227,555	133,061	42,801	51,693
Totals	29,063	18,017,850	5,197,520	2,030,077	10,789,421

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

Beginning with 1971 the Federal cost-sharing program to encourage soil and water conservation measures on farms was given a new name and a new emphasis.

The Rural Environmental Assistance Program continued Federal cost-sharing with farmers for most of the permanent soil and water conservation measures included in its predecessor - the Agricultural Conservation Program (ACP). In addition, REAP placed special emphasis on environmental improvement and protection activities.

Since the beginning in 1936, ACP and then REAP - had operated as a farmer-Government partnership by providing a share of the cost of approved soil and water conserving practices. REAP cost-sharing was made available for conservation over and above what farmers would carry out with their own resources and on their own initiative. Participation in the program was voluntary and all farmers were eligible.

The REAP was developed by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation County and State Committees in cooperation with representatives of the Soil Conservation Service, Forest Service, Extension Service, Soil and Water Conservation District Supervisors, and other agricultural agencies.

Federal cost-sharing payments made to Oregon farmers in connection with conservation practices carried out under the regular ACP during the years 1936 to 1970 inclusive, and REAP during 1971 and 1972 totaled about \$91,000,000. Since substantially more than half the costs were borne by the farmer, it is estimated that during this period over \$182 million were expended in Oregon by the farmers and the Government on regular REAP practices. This represented a significant contribution to the conservation and improvement of Oregon's soil, water, and environment.

Effective December 22, 1972 the Rural Environmental Assistance Program was terminated. No further requests were accepted or approvals given after that date.

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

State Summary

County	No. of Participating Farms	Cost-Shares Earned	Small Cost-Share Increases	Gross Assistance To Farmers
Baker	130	58,553	565	59,118
Benton	80	30,739	457	31,196
Clackamas	241	96,212	1,428	97,640
Clatsop	41	14,212	131	14,343
Columbia	55	24,367	158	24,525
Coos	247	75,976	271	76,247
Crook	76	71,638	160	71,798
Curry	28	14,529	98	14,627
Deschutes	28	25,653	24	25,677
Douglas	113	68,582	365	68,947
Gilliam	76	55,239	327	55,566
Grant	90	64,829	245	65,074
Harney	98	83,423	216	83,639
Hood River	55	16,295	220	16,515
Jackson	82	32,679	483	33,162
Jefferson	43	28,359	66	28,425
Josephine	128	56,284	662	56,946
Klamath	167	93,420	607	94,027
Lake	90	66,336	328	66,664
Lane	211	80,495	630	81,125
Lincoln	30	13,083	61	13,144
Linn	217	92,785	700	93,485
Malheur	328	213,194	699	213,893
Marion	338	126,530	1,900	128,430
Morrow	83	68,558	127	68,685
Multnomah	40	12,437	205	12,642
Polk	163	87,709	815	88,524
Sherman	84	117,084	459	117,543
Tillamook	67	84,817	150	84,967
Umatilla	110	81,632	700	82,332
Union	196	65,026	865	65,891
Wallowa	124	49,589	658	50,247
Wasco	118	74,870	207	75,077
Washington	272	104,736	1,949	106,685
Wheeler	48	47,464	77	47,541
Yamhill	262	126,321	1,386	127,707
State Total	4,559	2,423,655	18,399	2,442,054

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

A - Establishment of Permanent Protective Cover

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>A-2 Permanent Cover</u>			
Baker	15	912	6,396
Benton	29	518	7,521
Clackamas	107	1,185	19,505
Clatsop	10	75	357
Columbia	37	445	13,594
Coos	48	981	24,928
Crook	38	2,127	20,955
Curry	16	635	10,393
Deschutes	1	100	1,500
Douglas	100	3,715	55,808
Gilliam	13	1,264	2,668
Grant	29	1,684	12,908
Harney	46	3,786	30,657
Hood River	2	25	181
Jackson	21	452	5,191
Jefferson	14	1,342	9,648
Josephine	1	12	161
Klamath	85	2,995	32,880
Lake	38	2,353	20,035
Lane	87	1,254	26,491
Lincoln	12	115	3,449
Linn	70	1,276	21,865
Morrow	19	1,051	7,909
Multnomah	11	193	3,398
Polk	47	692	11,274
Sherman	7	237	1,203
Tillamook	26	299	9,138
Umatilla	23	512	3,146
Union	51	3,660	15,516
Wallowa	53	2,196	9,303
Wasco	56	2,160	23,494
Washington	124	1,483	23,784
Wheeler	28	1,498	12,037
Yamhill	162	2,509	45,462
State Total	1,426	43,741	492,755

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

A - Establishment of Permanent Protective Cover

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>A-3 Additional Acreages of Cover</u>			
Morrow	5	353	553
Sherman	4	145	198
State Total	9	498	751

A-4 Application of Lime or Sulphur

Benton	13	364	3,102
Clackamas	29	278	4,011
Klamath	8	675	4,547
Lincoln	1	4	192
Linn	57	2,637	19,325
Marion	131	2,662	31,962
Polk	36	904	9,212
Washington	26	688	5,648
Yamhill	14	275	1,756
State Total	315	8,487	79,755

A-5 Contour Stripcropping

Morrow	2	602	1,910
Umatilla	2	1,734	2,000
Union	1	94	487
State Total	5	2,430	4,397

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

A - Establishment of Permanent Protective Cover

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>A-7 Trees or Shrubs for Forestry Purposes</u>			
Benton	13	223	6,567
Clackamas	20	136	4,829
Clatsop	7	77	1,787
Columbia	20	282	4,358
Coos	5	45	2,659
Curry	1	5	280
Douglas	2	15	186
Hood River	4	22	1,435
Jackson	5	26	1,789
Josephine	31	202	9,408
Klamath	3	32	397
Lane	12	342	2,912
Lincoln	6	190	2,070
Linn	8	137	2,517
Marion	11	71	3,261
Multnomah	1	3	63
Polk	8	121	5,475
Tillamook	5	45	1,595
Umatilla	1	1	45
Union	6	5	797
Wallowa	3	22	1,103
Washington	17	74	2,938
Wheeler	1	30	1,200
Yamhill	33	450	7,837
State Total	223	2,556	65,508

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

B - Improvement and Protection of Established Vegetative Cover

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>B-1 Improving or Protecting Permanent Vegetative Cover</u>			
Baker	14	6,808	4,021
Coos	6	710	1,580
Crook	11	3,510	4,166
Curry	1	430	910
Deschutes	15	2,400	5,000
Grant	12	6,087	7,883
Harney	20	3,258	10,747
Jefferson	3	345	1,583
Klamath	7	562	2,353
Lake	17	4,893	12,611
Lincoln	2	2	240
Malheur	13	8,175	6,671
Morrow	4	4,965	1,957
Umatilla	2	180	252
Union	7	6,020	2,910
Wallowa	4	900	1,966
Wheeler	4	4,160	2,240
Yamhill	14	828	2,590
State Total	156	54,233	69,680

B-3 Control of Competitive Shrubs

Baker	31	17,036	20,628
Coos	7	297	2,135
Crook	15	4,902	8,203
Curry	7	237	1,909
Deschutes	16	4,500	4,000
Gilliam	9	2,151	3,888
Grant	3	192	697
Harney	31	24,353	30,961
Jefferson	1	389	658
Klamath	4	715	3,146
Lake	14	15,000	8,391
Malheur	32	16,460	19,071
Multnomah	2	26	86
Sherman	9	873	937
Union	3	650	1,000
Wasco	4	1,255	3,821
Wheeler	13	3,486	6,923
Yamhill	2	19	261
State Total	203	92,541	116,715

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

B - Improvement and Protection of Established Vegetative Cover

County	No. of Farms	Number	Acres Served	Cost-Shares
<u>B-5 Wells for Livestock Water</u>				
Baker	4	5	1,460	708
Coos	5	5	360	1,397
Crook	4	6	440	2,102
Deschutes	1	1	4,000	2,500
Gilliam	6	9	1,850	2,019
Grant	3	6	1,800	1,672
Harney	6	6	501	2,989
Jefferson	3	3	780	1,831
Lake	6	7	3,650	3,313
Lane	1	1	20	200
Linn	1	1	5	108
Malheur	9	9	9,752	5,454
Morrow	3	3	596	1,658
Sherman	2	2	690	208
Umatilla	8	22	2,260	3,462
Union	6	8	435	2,813
Wallowa	4	7	1,100	788
Wasco	7	17	4,219	2,640
Wheeler	2	8	8,000	634
Yamhill	12	14	360	2,048
State Total	93	140	42,278	38,544

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

B - Improvement and Protection of Established Vegetative Cover

County	No. of Farms	Number	Acres Served	Cost-Shares
<u>B-7 Reservoirs for Agricultural Uses</u>				
Baker	6	4	1,110	7,553
Clackamas	16	16	51	8,973
Coos	8	8	77	7,458
Crook	6	7	400	1,385
Curry	2	2	30	535
Deschutes	1	1	10	1,210
Grant	1	1	20	84
Jackson	11	11	130	2,609
Jefferson	12	18	5,621	5,624
Josephine	15	15	474	11,355
Klamath	4	4	560	3,793
Lake	2	3	2,175	337
Lane	3	3	50	2,836
Linn	11	11	131	6,312
Malheur	2	3	66	1,039
Marion	12	12	35	6,529
Morrow	2	3	301	671
Multnomah	2	2	128	660
Polk	22	22	335	16,003
Sherman	2	3	360	968
Umatilla	9	14	2,569	2,210
Union	38	45	3,255	11,196
Wallowa	25	39	6,240	8,577
Wasco	15	26	6,540	11,778
Washington	7	7	115	2,765
Wheeler	1	4	1,050	1,190
Yamhill	7	7	214	2,436
State Total	242	291	32,047	126,086

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

B - Improvement and Protection of Established Vegetative Cover

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>B-10 Timber Stand Improvement</u>			
Baker	9	81	2,911
Benton	8	106	4,500
Clackamas	3	23	1,039
Columbia	5	60	1,890
Coos	8	894	2,718
Crook	2	58	1,490
Curry	1	10	200
Douglas	5	106	2,087
Gilliam	1	40	1,000
Grant	18	375	12,959
Hood River	4	36	1,440
Jackson	13	151	5,562
Jefferson	1	2	92
Josephine	28	313	13,542
Klamath	5	101	2,397
Lake	2	109	3,000
Lane	20	414	8,577
Lincoln	2	40	2,098
Linn	16	306	7,568
Marion	9	99	3,630
Morrow	5	185	6,178
Polk	3	15	468
Tillamook	1	10	400
Umatilla	10	248	8,339
Union	9	75	3,035
Wallowa	12	131	6,983
Wasco	4	3,310	10,869
Washington	16	131	5,273
Wheeler	14	566	16,695
Yamhill	9	126	2,128
State Total	243	8,121	139,068

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

B - Improvement and Protection of Established Vegetative Cover

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Acres Served	Cost-Shares
<u>B-12 Weed Control</u>				
Gilliam	28	288	2,880	1,974
Grant	18	595	2,300	1,956
Harney	4	40	221	368
Klamath	16	953	1,240	2,445
Lake	16	881	4,260	1,480
Morrow	6	928	3,360	737
Multnomah	1	1	11	60
Sherman	43	6,314	8,571	5,751
Wheeler	1	16	50	100
State Total	133	10,016	22,893	14,871

C - Conservation and Disposal of Water

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>C-5 Diversion Terraces, Ditches, or Dikes</u>			
Gilliam	37	7,238	32,590
Jefferson	2	51	448
Klamath	6	430	1,605
Lane	1	15	56
Morrow	40	7,613	39,024
Sherman	81	15,580	102,313
Umatilla	34	4,706	28,012
Union	7	185	1,423
Wallowa	1	360	520
Wasco	14	2,450	13,513
Wheeler	1	53	300
State Total	224	38,681	219,804

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

C - Conservation and Disposal of Water

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>C-8 Streambank or Shore Protection</u>			
Benton	6	155	2,057
Coos	8	202	2,532
Crook	9	530	18,407
Grant	22	1,950	21,508
Jackson	3	52	1,728
Jefferson	2	9	214
Josephine	36	554	5,185
Lake	2	300	3,000
Lane	24	1,141	10,730
Lincoln	6	105	2,606
Linn	3	30	546
Marion	10	872	1,553
Polk	14	260	4,091
Umatilla	7	1,500	1,582
Union	5	103	1,485
Washington	18	315	1,901
Wheeler	2	105	575
Yamhill	5	70	1,084
State Total	182	8,253	80,784

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

C - Conservation and Disposal of Water

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>C-9 Permanent Open Drainage</u>			
Baker	2	12	78
Benton	4	62	264
Clatsop	6	42	988
Columbia	3	30	883
Coos	18	491	1,803
Curry	1	20	302
Douglas	2	1,248	501
Harney	1	40	66
Jackson	6	61	457
Josephine	1	30	534
Klamath	11	941	2,698
Lake	2	60	9
Lane	9	151	1,100
Lincoln	4	73	1,428
Linn	21	376	3,853
Marion	27	605	5,370
Multnomah	3	53	769
Tillamook	2	45	370
Union	9	180	1,603
Washington	10	664	1,459
State Total	142	5,184	24,535

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

C - Conservation and Disposal of Water

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>C-10 Underground Drainage</u>			
Baker	2	30	168
Benton	16	905	4,673
Clackamas	67	547	28,685
Clatsop	4	32	1,138
Columbia	7	88	2,433
Coos	3	37	1,699
Crook	6	400	4,113
Hood River	17	60	4,234
Jackson	10	89	1,612
Josephine	4	61	1,088
Klamath	9	343	3,379
Lane	13	118	3,534
Linn	39	429	16,548
Marion	138	1,360	48,691
Multnomah	16	64	4,319
Polk	41	1,089	21,051
Tillamook	6	67	1,789
Union	11	110	2,512
Washington	83	764	29,770
Yamhill	32	471	11,713
State Total	524	7,064	193,149

C-11 Land Shaping or Grading

Marion	1	9	54
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Rural Environmental Assistance Program

C - Conservation and Disposal of Water

County	No. of Farms	Acres Served	Cost-Shares
<u>C-12 Reorganizing Irrigation Systems</u>			
Baker	67	6,023	8,789
Crook	9	370	4,121
Deschutes	7	679	3,943
Gilliam	1	35	106
Grant	8	373	5,162
Harney	21	1,595	6,798
Hood River	28	505	9,005
Jackson	25	867	10,852
Jefferson	12	242	6,014
Josephine	8	164	3,650
Klamath	37	3,590	12,675
Lake	13	3,570	7,046
Malheur	183	5,028	96,961
Morrow	3	52	1,833
Umatilla	16	565	8,150
Union	22	2,330	7,893
Wallowa	22	2,576	19,096
Wasco	4	208	2,988
Wheeler	3	95	2,498
State Total	489	28,867	217,580

C-13 Leveling for Irrigation

Baker	14	313	7,301
Crook	3	197	1,630
Klamath	11	378	5,767
Lake	6	150	1,964
Malheur	112	2,530	69,728
Morrow	5	64	1,536
Wheeler	1	4	22
State Total	152	3,636	87,948

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

C - Conservation and Disposal of Water

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>C-17 Subsoiling</u>			
Klamath	7	511	1,789
Malheur	28	706	6,709
Multnomah	4	188	610
Umatilla	16	3,891	5,520
State Total	55	5,296	14,628

D - Establishing Temporary Protective Vegetative Cover

<u>D-1 Winter Cover</u>			
Marion	50	4,325	3,795
Union	2	88	78
Washington	11	365	375
State Total	63	4,778	4,248

E - Temporary Protection of Soil from Wind and Water Erosion

<u>E-1 Stubble Mulching</u>			
Gilliam	4	2,751	825
Sherman	4	3,158	1,356
Umatilla	16	7,783	4,735
Union	5	281	127
State Total	29	13,973	7,043

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

F - Special County Conservation Needs

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>F-2-b Deep Plowing Cropland</u>			
Malheur	28	467	5,450

F-3 Emergency Flood Damage Repair

Lane	32	676	14,869
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G - Wildlife Conservation Practices with Soil and Water Conservation Benefits

County	No. of Farms	Acres Served	Cost-Shares
<u>G-1 Wildlife Food Plots or Habitat</u>			
Linn	2	27	162
Marion	2	25	557
Polk	2	12	103
Washington	14	133	884
Yamhill	6	56	792
State Total	26	253	2,498

G-2 Shallow Water Areas for Wildlife

Lake	2	2	430	467
Marion	2	2	6	1,233
Multnomah	5	5	134	2,416
State Total	9	9	570	4,116

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

G - Wildlife Conservation Practices with Soil and Water
Conservation Benefits

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>G-4 Wildlife Environment Improvement</u>			
Wallowa	1	160	314

I - Pollution Abatement

County	No. of Farms	No. of Structures	Animal Units	Cost-Shares
<u>I-1 Animal Waste Storage Facilities</u>				
Benton	1	1	200	2,055
Clackamas	11	11	505	27,170
Clatsop	4	4	465	9,942
Coos	8	8	570	20,000
Crook	2	2	150	5,000
Deschutes	3	3	230	7,500
Douglas	4	4	620	10,000
Jackson	1	1	150	2,500
Jefferson	1	1	752	640
Josephine	4	4	525	10,000
Klamath	2	2	7,325	4,094
Lane	3	3	235	7,500
Linn	4	4	485	9,427
Marion	10	10	1,580	14,850
Polk	8	9	1,241	16,987
Sherman	1	1	200	351
Tillamook	28	28	2,733	69,220
Umatilla	2	2	236	4,239
Union	6	7	349	11,643
Wallowa	1	1	25	939
Washington	14	14	1,131	29,939
Yamhill	20	20	2,257	45,133
State Total	138	140	21,964	309,129

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

I - Pollution Abatement

County	No. of Farms	No. of Structures	Animal Units	Cost-Shares
<u>I-4 Pollution Abatement Drainage Systems</u>				
Lane	1	1	15	1,500
Linn	2	2	320	3,480
Marion	2	2	400	2,375
Tillamook	3	25	325	2,305
Yamhill	2	2	220	1,615
State Total	10	32	1,280	11,275

J - Sediment Control Measures

County	No. of Farms	Number	Acres Served	Cost-Shares
<u>J-1 Sediment Retention Structure</u>				
Columbia	1	1	100	1,209
Coos	8	8	571	7,067
Gilliam	6	53	1,100	9,378
Harney	2	2	50	837
Jackson	2	9	18	379
Klamath	1	1	40	1,500
Lake	6	14	2,837	4,683
Lincoln	1	1	15	1,000
Malheur	3	3	250	2,111
Marion	10	2	60	2,670
Morrow	9	29	1,390	3,473
Polk	12	17	60	2,808
Sherman	6	9	730	1,809
Umatilla	3	5	280	507
Union	3	3	50	300
Wasco	9	50	1,082	4,855
State Total	82	207	8,633	44,586

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

J - Sediment Control Measures

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Acres Served	Cost-Shares
<u>J-2 Sediment or Chemical Runoff Control Measures</u>				
Gilliam	7	63	850	791
Jefferson	2	3	62	1,507
Josephine	2	25	47	1,138
Klamath	1	40	80	280
Morrow	2	3	201	303
Polk	1	2	4	237
Sherman	10	17	1,860	1,990
Umatilla	8	31	1,736	9,433
Union	1	1	20	208
Wasco	1	2	160	912
State Total	35	187	5,020	16,799

J-3 Measures to Stabilize a Source of Sediment

Clackamas	2	2	9	2,000
Crook	1	20	20	66
Jefferson	1	14	266	100
Josephine	2	16	33	223
Klamath	2	2	250	486
Lane	2	2	5	25
Morrow	8	82	82	816
Wheeler	4	120	120	3,050
State Total	22	258	785	6,766

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

K - Disposal of Crop Residues Without Burning

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
<u>K-1 Disposal of Crop, Orchard, or Woodland Residues</u>			
Klamath	9	1,567	5,722
Lane	1	2	165
Linn	6	292	1,074
Multnomah	1	6	56
Yamhill	4	471	1,466
State Total	21	2,338	8,483

M - Other Pollution Abatement Practices

M-1 Reducing Pollution of Water by Debris Removal

Klamath	1	1,275	1,467
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Rural Environmental Assistance Program

Emergency Conservation Measures

Flood Damage Repair

County	No. of Farms	Acres	Cost-Shares
Clackamas	10	400	12,828
Clatsop	3	48	1,517
Curry	25	1,852	108,004
Douglas	5	1,156	5,968
Gilliam	14	1,205	21,484
Josephine	60	2,058	89,728
Lincoln	37	880	28,440
Linn	89	1,528	175,450
Marion	102	2,682	161,968
Polk	62	1,313	47,518
Tillamook	150	5,751	241,483
Washington	35	1,500	52,103
Yamhill	62	2,881	22,125
State Total	654	23,254	968,616

The emergency measures shown above represent conservation practices performed to repair the damage from heavy flooding during January of 1972. Emergency funds were provided to offer cost-sharing for restoring stream channels, clearing debris from fields, and repairing and replacing conservation structures.

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

Pooling Agreements

County	No. of Agreements	No. of Farms	Cost- Shares
<u>Regular Practices</u>			
Baker	12	53	3,397
Benton	2	4	817
Clackamas	1	3	190
Clatsop	1	2	75
Columbia	1	3	132
Coos	1	4	3,172
Grant	3	12	1,948
Harney	1	3	1,529
Jackson	2	6	347
Josephine	2	36	5,185
Klamath	3	6	1,938
Lake	2	4	3,009
Lane	9	34	12,880
Lincoln	1	2	1,244
Linn	2	8	1,767
Malheur	7	16	3,540
Marion	3	26	4,987
Polk	3	8	3,190
Umatilla	1	7	1,582
Union	2	8	234
Wallowa	4	23	8,444
Washington	3	21	2,413
Yamhill	2	5	1,403
State Total	68	294	63,423

Rural Environmental Assistance Program

Summary of Data for Public Law 566 Watersheds
and RC&D Projects

Watersheds			
Name	County	No. Farms in REAP	Cost- Shares
Big Creek	Baker	9	3,162
	Union	1	1,440
North Powder River	Baker	21	9,808
Pine Valley	Baker	31	2,885
Lower Amazon & Flat Creek	Benton	6	2,281
	Lane	19	12,621
Skipanon River	Clatsop	1	123
Sutherlin Creek	Douglas	2	298
Calapooya Creek	Douglas	8	5,846
Middle Fork of Hood River	Hood River	10	2,250
Lynx Hollow	Lane	11	4,816
Willakenzie Area	Lane	3	223
Grand Prairie	Linn	1	640
Succor Creek	Malheur	3	2,258
Beaver Creek	Marion	20	10,000
Little Pudding River	Marion	45	17,000
Rock Creek	Gilliam	34	9,580
	Morrow	8	6,064
Little Luckiamute	Polk	15	5,717
Elgin	Union	48	17,064
Wolf Creek	Union	18	4,900
McKay-Rock Creek	Multnomah	3	1,017
	Washington	16	1,667

RC&D Projects			
Upper Willamette	Benton	87	29,352
North Coast	Lane	191	80,000
	Lincoln	30	13,144
	Linn	217	92,399
	Clatsop	37	18,626
Columbia-Blue Mountain	Tillamook	67	84,967
	Gilliam	84	61,342
	Morrow	83	68,558
	Umatilla	110	79,910

Water Bank Program

County	Number of Agreements	Acreage	Annual Payments
Lake	2	1,020	9,141

The Water Bank Act, Public Law 91-559, approved December 19, 1970, authorized and directed the Secretary of Agriculture to formulate and carry out a continuous program to prevent the serious loss of wetlands and to preserve, restore and improve such lands. The law states:

"In effectuating the Water Bank Program authorized by this Act, the Secretary shall have authority to enter into agreements with landowners and operators in important migratory waterfowl nesting and breeding areas for the conservation of water on specified farm, ranch, or other wetlands identified in a conservation plan developed in cooperation with the Soil and Water Conservation District in which the lands are located, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary may prescribe. These agreements shall be entered into for a period of ten years, with provision for renewal for additional periods of ten years each."

The specific goal was to contract wetland areas vulnerable to drainage and adjoining dryland which together constituted a worthwhile area for waterfowl breeding and nesting.

Operated as a pilot program in 1972, 55 counties were designated in 12 states for testing purposes. Lake County was the only Oregon county selected.

The program was discontinued after the initial year trial for budgetary reasons.

Cropland Adjustment Program

The Cropland Adjustment Program was authorized under the Food and Agriculture Act of 1965 and was available to farmers for the 1966 and 1967 program years. No additional participation has been authorized since then.

The CAP provided for long-term retirement of cropland from specified crops determined to be in surplus supply. Provision was also made for the retirement of tame hay lands in some situations. In Oregon, the crops designated in 1966 were wheat, corn, grain sorghums, and barley. In 1967 only wheat and corn were designated. Participating farmers signed five to ten year agreements to divert all of the farm allotment or base for at least one of these crops. The acreage being diverted must be withdrawn from any agricultural production and maintained in an approved conservation use for the period of the agreement. Participants receive an adjustment payment for the acreage diverted and cost-share assistance for establishing the necessary conserving use. The adjustment payment is related to the productivity of the farm and the crop being diverted.

Cropland Adjustment Program

County	Number of Agreements	Acreage	1972 Adjustment Payments
Baker	1	225	5,043
Benton	2	126	1,145
Clackamas	1	41	1,228
Douglas	1	54	400
Gilliam	1	212	3,873
Harney	2	422	2,386
Jefferson	3	677	7,164
Lake	4	870	9,548
Lane	2	109	3,617
Malheur	2	74	*
Polk	3	101	1,420
Umatilla	2	211	6,856
Union	4	51	905
Wallowa	1	101	1,615
Wasco	2	184	2,594
Washington	2	11	211
Wheeler	1	143	1,940
Yamhill	7	386	3,993
Total	41	3,998	53,938

*Lump sum adjustment payment made in 1966 not included.

Commodity Loan and Purchase Agreement Program

Commodity loans and purchases are one phase of the Price Support Program designed to help stabilize the agricultural economy and to provide a means for more orderly marketing of certain commodities.

In Oregon - wheat, barley, dry edible beans, corn, oats, and honey were the commodities which received price support through loans and purchases.

Producers of the price supported commodities may apply for loans based on specific price support rates providing the commodities meet certain requirements. Once established for the crop year, the support value of commodities under loan or purchase agreement remains constant regardless of market fluctuations. This allows the producer a choice in marketing his commodity; to forfeit the commodity at the price support value in satisfaction of his loan; or to repay the loan and sell on the open market, whichever is to his advantage. The producer may also delay the final decision by requesting extension of the maturity date of his loan.

The following pages of this section outline the activity under the program for the 1972 crop year through February 28, 1973.

#

Barley Placed Under Loan

County	No. of Loans Disbursed	Bushels	Amount Disbursed
Baker	2	13,870	12,899
Benton	2	9,131	8,908
Clackamas	1	1,762	1,780
Gilliam	5	47,989	42,931
Klamath	10	84,910	78,705
Lake	7	14,434	13,279
Malheur	2	2,663	2,290
Morrow	24	93,583	87,928
Polk	11	35,887	35,169
Sherman	18	59,255	54,887
Umatilla	5	39,152	36,674
Union	6	17,234	14,958
Wallowa	21	90,112	80,567
Wasco	7	48,714	45,348
Washington	3	8,392	8,476
Yamhill	15	47,172	46,700
State Total	139	614,260	\$ 571,501

Corn Placed Under Loan

County	No. of Loans Disbursed	Bushels	Amount Disbursed
Malheur	2	1,753	2,156
Polk	1	1,854	2,280
Yamhill	1	411	506
State Total	4	4,018	\$ 4,942

Oats Placed Under Loan

County	No. of Loans Disbursed	Bushels	Amount Disbursed
Benton	3	14,825	9,340
Klamath	18	1,122,664	726,429
Lake	1	2,565	1,616
Polk	3	7,637	4,811
Union	2	4,282	2,377
Washington	13	34,631	21,253
Yamhill	4	12,853	8,097
State Total	44	1,199,457	\$ 773,924

Dry Edible Beans Placed Under Loan

County	No. of Loans Disbursed	Cwt.	Amount Disbursed
Benton	2	543	3,296
Malheur	1	1,627	10,510
Polk	1	1,018	6,576
State Total	4	3,188	\$ 20,382

Honey Placed Under Loan

County	No. of Loans Disbursed	Pounds	Amount Disbursed
Polk	1	10,584	1,566
State Total	1	10,584	\$ 1,566

Wheat Placed Under Loan

County	No. of Loans Disbursed	Bushels	Amount Disbursed
Baker	11	37,873	43,501
Benton	10	52,169	68,050
Clackamas	1	12,967	17,635
Gilliam	39	408,888	503,961
Jefferson	13	21,508	28,324
Klamath	2	116,667	150,667
Lake	12	14,226	17,657
Linn	1	6,829	8,946
Malheur	2	7,260	8,567
Morrow	79	640,289	806,842
Polk	17	109,492	145,594
Sherman	81	680,146	856,743
Umatilla	56	636,698	781,014
Union	41	203,465	236,894
Wallowa	31	194,648	234,247
Wasco	64	537,479	715,429
Washington	55	261,827	342,999
Wheeler	4	1,836	2,163
Yamhill	55	319,490	430,224
State Total	574	4,263,757	\$ 5,399,457

Farm Storage Structure and Dryer Equipment Loan Program

The storage and dryer equipment loan programs are a supplement to the commodity loan and purchase program.

Storage loans are available to producers for the construction of farm facilities to store those crops that are eligible for price support. Generally, loans are limited to 85 percent of the out-of-pocket cost of construction and are further limited to an aggregate outstanding balance of \$35,000.00. The cost of construction may include the cost of foundations, electrical fixtures and operating equipment. Loans are repayable in four equal installments at an interest rate of 5.52 percent per annum. The construction of these facilities allows the producer to store his grain after harvest and to market the grain at the time of greatest advantage rather than being forced to market at harvest time when prices are usually lowest.

For loan applications filed on or after December 13, 1972, the interest rate is 6 percent and the cost of concrete and electrical wiring is excluded from the cost of the facility.

Dryer equipment loans are available to those producers who have capacity for storing price supported crops and provide a means for conditioning the grain for safe storage. The repayment requirements are the same as for storage loans.

The following page outlines the activity under this program for the 1972 calendar year.

Farm Storage Facility Loan Program

County	Number of Loans Made	Principal Loaned	Bushel Capacity	Number Loans Outstanding 12/31/72	Principal Outstanding
Baker				2	768
Benton	1	1,608	3,640	5	9,722
Clackamas	1	1,063	5,000	3	4,550
Columbia				1	1,296
Gilliam	3	14,367	27,589	8	22,552
Harney				1	720
Jefferson	1	1,728	5,500	3	2,035
Klamath	7	26,653	50,148	19	46,446
Lake	1	1,904	5,800	6	11,157
Linn	2	7,496	15,759	2	7,496
Malheur	3	7,788	23,316	13	13,291
Marion				2	4,283
Morrow	23	93,556	293,398	42	139,216
Polk	5	6,789	19,772	21	45,816
Sherman	15	57,848	189,516	29	91,028
Umatilla	7	40,253	106,091	13	52,254
Union	15	38,383		24	50,238
Wallowa	10	52,148	131,883	30	127,057
Wasco	19	81,699	264,805	54	122,826
Washington	4	6,358	25,000	13	14,353
Yamhill	12	42,657	124,659	21	61,286
Totals	129	482,298	1,291,876	311	828,390

1972 Feed Grain Program

The 1972 program was the second year of a change in direction for farm program policies made possible by the provisions of the 1970 Agricultural Act. The national goal was to give farmers more opportunity for decision-making on their farms, protect and improve farmers' income, assure production of an adequate supply of feed grains to fulfill domestic and export needs, and put greater reliance on the marketplace as the principal source of farm income.

The goal was accomplished with the use of a set-aside principle. A producer participated by setting aside an acreage equal to 25 percent of the total feed grain base for the farm which includes barley, corn and grain sorghum. Equitable returns were assured with national loan rates of \$1.08 per bushel for corn of No. 2 grade, \$1.00 per bushel for grain sorghum, and \$0.86 per bushel for barley. Participants were guaranteed a national per bushel average of \$1.35 for corn, \$1.28 for grain sorghum, and \$1.10 for barley on one-half of the respective commodity bases. Producers received preliminary guaranteed payments shortly after July 1 of 40 cents per bushel for corn, 38 cents per bushel for grain sorghum, and 32 cents for barley. Producers could earn additional set-aside payments by participating under one of two options.

Under one option producers were guaranteed additional set-aside of 10 percent of the corn-grain sorghum base and 20 percent of the barley base. The additional set-aside earned per bushel payments of 52 cents for corn, 49 cents for grain sorghum and 42 cents for barley on the commodity yield times the additional acres set aside.

A second option provided producers an opportunity to earn 80 cents per bushel for corn and 76 cents per bushel for grain sorghum times the respective yield on up to 10 percent of the combined corn-grain sorghum base, providing the producer gave up any additional set-aside for barley and reduced his 1972 corn and grain sorghum acreage below the 1971 acreage by twice the 1972 additional set-aside acres. Under both options the producers were able to offer an additional 5 or 10 percent to be accepted at the government's discretion.

Data for the feed grain program by counties is shown on the following page.

1972
Feed Grain Program

County	Feed Gr.		Base Acreage All Farms	Planted Acreage	Set-Aside Acreage	Set-Aside Payments
	Farms Partic.	Base Acreage Partic.				
Baker	165	9,874	9,623	4,178	3,679	\$ 87,226
Benton	86	10,168	7,232	1,639	2,316	77,317
Clackamas	268	9,434	7,292	2,036	2,663	88,979
Columbia	3	183	160	176	69	2,385
Crook	37	3,471	2,373	861	708	24,640
Deschutes	6	760	243		61	1,772
Douglas	15	770	558	44	206	9,080
Gilliam	153	42,285	32,967	9,440	8,951	189,068
Grant	10	293	281	126	117	1,799
Harney	36	11,187	11,187	2,362	4,803	60,374
Jackson	27	1,622	1,068	385	400	11,262
Jefferson	121	12,144	8,081	3,023	3,173	80,620
Josephine	4	974	106	88	45	1,834
Klamath	166	33,348	27,623	14,954	10,461	329,147
Lake	66	10,307	9,419	5,720	3,992	69,437
Lane	130	5,099	4,156	1,411	1,480	55,541
Linn	135	6,411	4,942	1,248	1,896	54,251
Malheur	425	21,889	16,687	13,459	5,833	254,264
Marion	390	21,177	15,664	4,192	5,080	178,574
Morrow	209	62,589	56,249	20,696	15,745	307,667
Multnomah	9	907	569	436	183	4,430
Polk	319	28,567	22,404	7,639	7,800	197,141
Sherman	281	42,891	35,500	15,966	9,001	216,715
Umatilla	447	85,291	64,555	13,369	18,248	441,168
Union	345	20,085	17,834	12,137	6,607	142,586
Wallowa	131	13,740	11,369	6,447	4,354	87,506
Wasco	137	24,473	14,746	4,731	4,438	98,732
Washington	300	19,534	9,607	4,291	2,881	92,843
Wheeler	39	2,911	2,748	926	1,180	20,481
Yamhill	449	27,336	21,593	10,104	7,051	214,388
State Total	4,909	529,722	416,836	162,083	133,421	\$ 3,401,227

1972 Wheat Program

The 1972 program was the second year of a change in direction for farm program policies made possible by the provisions of the 1970 Agricultural Act. The national goal was to give farmers more opportunity for decision-making on their farms, protect and improve farmers' income, assure production of an adequate supply of wheat to fulfill domestic and export needs, and put greater reliance on the marketplace as the principal source of farm income.

The goal was accomplished with the use of a set-aside principle. A producer participated by setting aside an acreage equal to 83% of the farm allotment from production and devoted the set-aside to an approved conserving use in addition to maintaining the farm conserving base. Equitable returns were assured with a national loan rate of \$1.25 per bushel and marketing certificates valued at \$1.34 per bushel on the allotment acres. A preliminary certificate payment of \$1.20 per bushel was made shortly after July 1. A final payment of \$0.06 per bushel was made in December. The additional payment reflected the difference between the July through November national average market price of \$1.68 per bushel and the July 1 parity of \$3.02 per bushel. Producers could earn additional set-aside payments of \$0.94 per bushel multiplied by the farm yield for an additional acreage of set-aside up to 75 percent of the allotment under a spring and winter wheat option.

Under the winter wheat option seeded winter wheat was designated as set-aside. The spring wheat option limited wheat production on the farm to the 1971 wheat acreage less the 1972 additional set-aside. Producers set aside an additional 16,535 acres of set-aside to earn \$618,339.

Data for the wheat program by counties is shown on the following page.

1972
Wheat Program

County	Wht Farms Partic.	Allotment All Farms	Acreage Partic.	Planted Acreage	Set-Aside Acreage	Set-Aside Payments
Baker	181	5,293	4,946	6,553	4,819	288,182
Benton	99	1,446	1,362	5,044	1,168	94,084
Clackamas	364	2,593	2,022	5,776	1,954	141,816
Columbia	1	7	2		1	130
Crook	58	996	780	1,309	795	73,308
Deschutes	9	134	47	9	39	3,237
Douglas	5	116	28	53	41	2,514
Gilliam	193	32,357	32,357	105,983	9,306	1,211,433
Grant	20	586	401	713	443	18,180
Harney	30	330	330	736	327	13,910
Jackson	22	197	118	93	103	7,393
Jefferson	270	9,329	8,699	19,943	10,160	619,566
Josephine		7				
Klamath	166	3,204	2,985	5,638	3,507	213,720
Lake	108	5,284	5,284	4,409	7,448	261,530
Lane	131	1,278	1,057	2,252	1,064	74,161
Linn	132	1,491	1,003	4,223	865	62,592
Malheur	502	4,723	3,916	5,148	4,379	349,130
Marion	519	5,166	4,643	13,182	4,103	332,602
Morrow	249	42,731	42,721	142,489	13,385	1,432,973
Multnomah	12	137	104	310	86	7,555
Polk	400	4,457	4,037	16,383	4,069	308,243
Sherman	331	35,314	35,250	109,625	7,015	1,414,645
Umatilla	619	71,398	70,152	243,616	29,210	3,458,584
Union	419	14,962	14,634	34,701	14,232	1,151,086
Wallowa	183	7,905	7,369	17,395	7,080	422,239
Wasco	282	22,914	22,268	63,412	14,012	1,021,651
Washington	512	5,426	4,857	17,041	4,266	375,636
Wheeler	55	1,960	1,960	4,805	1,971	77,839
Yamhill	590	6,323	5,972	20,314	5,515	465,214
State Total	6,462	288,068	279,306	851,154	151,366	13,903,150

Pilot Public Access Program

During 1972, five Oregon counties conducted a pilot program making farmland available to the general public for hunting, trapping, fishing and/or hiking. The program was authorized under the Agricultural Act of 1970.

The program was developed in consultation with the Oregon State Game Commission and was tested on a whole and/or part farm agreement on a bid basis, and whole farm agreements on an established rate-per-acre basis.

To be eligible for a public access agreement, a farm must be participating in a set-aside program. If a farmer's bid for an agreement was accepted, he earned payments for permitting public access to his farm for hunting, hiking or fishing. Public access was permitted free of charge to the general public without regard to race, color, or national origin.

Participation in the program by counties is shown on the following page.

1972
Pilot Public Access Program

<u>County</u>	<u>Farms Partic.</u>	<u>Acres</u>	<u>Payment</u>
Malheur	54	19,336	\$ 42,093
Polk	47	13,102	11,525
Wasco	4	7,934	3,104
Washington	64	13,241	9,362
Yamhill	74	21,725	25,191
State			
Total	243	75,337	\$ 91,275

Sugar Beet Program

ASCS county offices did not determine proportionate acreage of sugar beets for 1972. Sugar companies contracted with individual operators for the production of a total acreage in accordance with plant capacity and the company marketing quota.

Conditional payments per ton of beets were \$2.09 to Malheur County producers and \$2.18 to Umatilla County producers.

Each producer was required to meet the following conditions to qualify for payment. He must have:

1. Had a contract with a sugar company.
2. Paid fair wages to field workers.
3. Complied with child labor laws.
4. Paid fair prices to other producers if he was also a processor.
5. Notified his ASCS county office of his intention to abandon any acreage of beets damaged by flood, drought, storm, freeze, disease or insects before the beets were destroyed in order to qualify for abandonment and deficiency payments and history credits.

Participation in the 1972 sugar beet program is shown on the following page.

Sugar Beet Program

	<u>Malheur</u>	<u>Umatilla</u>
Number of Applications	249	14
Number of Payees	424	34
Acres Planted	21,137	1,624
Acres Harvested	20,992	1,569
Tons of Beets Marketed	514,303	36,124
Total Cwt. Sugar Marketed	1,372,094	100,536
Bona Fide Abandoned Acreage for Payment:		
Number of Farms	12	1
Number of Acres	145	55
One-Third of Normal Yield in Cwt.	2,980	797
Bona Fide Abandoned Acreage - No Payment:		
Number of Farms	0	0
Number of Acres	0	0
Approved Deficiency of Production:		
Number of Farms	10	1
Deficiency of Production in Cwt.	3,459	128
Total Sugar for Payment in Cwt.	1,378,533	101,462
Net Payment	1,073,357	78,935

Wool Incentive Program

Under the National Wool Act of 1954, as amended, wool is recognized as an essential and strategic commodity which is not produced in sufficient quantity in the United States. It is the declared policy of Congress as a measure of national security and in the promotion of the general economic welfare to encourage an annual domestic production of approximately 300 million pounds of shorn wool.

To encourage this increased production a support level of 72 cents per pound has been established for the 1971 marketing year. The net price received by wool producers throughout the nation for the wool marketing year of January 1 through the following December 31 is determined. A rate of incentive payment then is computed which is that percentage necessary to increase the national net price received by producers to the 72 cents per pound support level. Payments are made to wool growers by applying this percentage rate to the net price received for the shorn wool marketed by the individual producer during that marketing year. The national average net price received was 19.4 cents per pound. This resulted in a payment rate of 271.1 percent times the net price received by each wool producer.

Incentive payments are made to lamb producers to encourage them to market lambs unshorn, thus contributing to the increase in the production of wool. The unshorn lamb payment is based on 80 percent of the shorn wool payment on a ratio of five pounds of wool per 100 pounds of liveweight. Generally speaking, the amount of payment is then determined by the increase in weight of unshorn lambs during the ownership of the producer or feeder. This year's rate is \$2.10 per hundredweight.

Mohair production is encouraged in the same manner and a support level is established at the same parity level as for wool. The 1971 support level for mohair is 80.2 cents per pound. The national average net price received was 30.1 cents per pound. This requires a payment rate of 166.4 percent times the net price received by each mohair producer.

The following pages outline the activity of the program for 1971.

#

1971
Wool and Mohair Payment Program

County	Number of Producers	Pounds of Wool Sold	Payments
Baker	137	105,452	\$ 65,693
Benton	113	67,162	48,803
Clackamas	416	166,011	120,163
Clatsop	9	12,485	8,459
Columbia	34	54,572	40,011
Coos	142	176,179	138,533
Crook	32	28,282	19,641
Curry	81	205,929	165,529
Deschutes	49	31,806	24,560
Douglas	471	530,990	432,727
Gilliam	13	12,975	6,633
Grant	32	56,966	30,541
Harney	31	66,386	31,304
Hood River	9	4,070	2,557
Jackson	107	29,846	21,490
Jefferson	11	12,105	8,027
Josephine	25	7,786	4,952
Klamath	114	227,069	164,964
Lake	35	32,408	22,809
Lane	226	287,358	184,345
Lincoln	46	17,982	12,239
Linn	328	409,053	304,181
Malheur	81	160,205	107,454
Marion	454	222,142	160,604
Morrow	21	157,227	111,411
Multnomah	42	75,447	26,142
Polk	274	196,269	146,222
Sherman	7	1,767	881
Tillamook	5	1,237	877
Umatilla	57	163,048	88,607
Union	66	39,782	28,444
Wallowa	136	211,790	160,802
Wasco	34	57,363	30,697
Washington	138	41,258	30,264
Wheeler	13	40,651	21,013
Yamhill	228	121,183	90,557
Totals	4,017	4,032,241	2,862,135*

* Includes \$57,871 promotion fund deduction.

1971
Wool and Mohair Payment Program

County	Number of Producers	Pounds of Unshorn Lambs Sold Less Lambs Purchased	Payments
Baker	134	744,040	\$ 16,853
Benton	106	430,974	9,101
Clackamas	295	864,746	18,159
Clatsop	4	12,585	264
Columbia	16	155,183	3,259
Coos	86	617,930	12,976
Crook	22	197,374	4,145
Curry	50	674,351	14,161
Deschutes	36	233,257	4,898
Douglas	432	3,378,934	70,957
Gilliam	13	105,834	2,223
Grant	28	387,694	8,142
Harney	16	102,529	2,153
Hood River	3	24,010	504
Jackson	83	99,763	2,095
Jefferson	14	119,163	2,502
Josephine	14	22,424	471
Klamath	90	1,264,211	26,548
Lake	29	269,308	5,655
Lane	185	1,236,445	25,965
Lincoln	37	77,633	1,630
Linn	270	1,531,010	32,151
Malheur	79	1,045,035	21,946
Marion	361	1,224,339	25,710
Morrow	30	1,116,585	22,239
Multnomah	27	35,014	735
Polk	224	867,176	18,210
Sherman	8	9,553	201
Tillamook	4	9,015	189
Umatilla	54	845,431	17,754
Union	80	431,183	9,055
Wallowa	131	1,471,179	30,895
Wasco	28	420,444	8,877
Washington	98	233,577	4,905
Wheeler	16	306,051	6,427
Yamhill	177	779,139	16,362
Totals	3,280	21,343,119	448,316*

* Includes \$16,015 promotion fund deduction.

1971
Wool and Mohair Payment Program

County	Number of Producers	Pounds of Mohair Sold	Payments
Benton	3	229	71
Clackamas	4	602	239
Coos	2	307	95
Curry	3	434	148
Douglas	19	8,429	3,094
Lane	8	1,109	420
Lincoln	2	4,255	1,115
Linn	14	2,374	905
Marion	5	622	209
Polk	1	142	54
Washington	1	58	22
Yamhill	6	1,162	463
Totals	68	19,723	\$6,835*

* Includes \$296 promotion fund deduction.

Beekeeper Indemnity Payment Program

The Agricultural Act of 1970 authorized indemnity payments to beekeepers who, through no fault of their own, suffered losses of honey bees as a result of the application of federally registered pesticides. The indemnity program is effective for losses occurring between January 1, 1967, and December 31, 1973.

Beekeepers, to be eligible for payment, must prove that losses did occur; that the losses were caused by a federally registered pesticide applied near or adjacent to the apiary site; and that they took reasonable precautions to minimize losses.

The program provides that beekeepers may be indemnified for actual monetary losses incurred based on actual records of loss of sales. However, most claims were filed for specified flat rates of payment. For losses occurring between January 1, 1967, and June 9, 1972, the payment rates were \$20 per colony destroyed, \$15 per colony severely damaged, and \$5 per colony moderately damaged. After June 9, 1972, the payment rates are \$15, \$10 and \$5 respectively.

In Oregon some 1900 beekeepers tend 40,000 colonies. The data on the following page represents indemnity payments for losses during the period of 1967 through 1971.

Beekeeper Indemnity Payment Program

County	No. Claims Paid	No. Colonies Damaged	Payment
Benton	1	41	\$ 1,006
Klamath	1	20	400
Lane	1	90	1,350
Malheur	15	7,138	73,010
Marion	7	1,327	21,760
Polk	4	599	7,655
Umatilla	3	455	2,885
Yamhill	6	1,996	24,160
State Total	38	11,666	\$132,226

